Disability

Are you limited in any way due to physical, mental or emotional problems?

Twenty-five percent of Pennsylvania adults indicated in 2011 that they were limited in some way due to physical, mental or emotional problems.

The following bullets describe the percentages of respondents who indicated that they were limited in some way due to physical, mental, or emotional problems:

- ♦ Pennsylvania men had a significantly lower percentage (22 percent, CI: 21-24) compared to Pennsylvania women (27 percent, CI: 26-29).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults age 18-29 had a significantly lower percentage (14 percent, CI: 11-17) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 30-44 (20 percent, CI: 18-23).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults age 18-29 had a significantly lower percentage (14 percent, CI: 11-17) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 45-64 (29 percent, CI: 27-31).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults age 18-29 had a significantly lower percentage (14 percent, CI: 11-17) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 65 and older (34 percent, CI: 32-36).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults age 30-44 had a significantly lower percentage (20 percent, CI: 18-23) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 45-64 (29 percent, CI: 27-31).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults age 30-44 had a significantly lower percentage (20 percent, CI: 18-23) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 65 and older (34 percent, CI: 32-36).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults age 45-64 had a significantly lower percentage (29 percent, CI: 27-31) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 65 and older (34 percent, CI: 32-36).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults with a college degree had a significantly lower percentage (19 percent, CI: 17-21) compared to Pennsylvania adults with less than a high school education (31 percent, CI: 27-36).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults with a college degree had a significantly lower percentage (19 percent, CI: 17-21) compared to Pennsylvania adults with a high school education (25 percent, CI: 24-27).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults with a college degree had a significantly lower percentage (19 percent, CI: 17-21) compared to Pennsylvania adults with some college education (27 percent, CI: 24-29).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$15,000 to \$24,999 had a significantly lower percentage (33 percent, CI: 30-36) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of less than \$15,000 (46 percent, CI: 42-50).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$25,000 to \$49,999 had a significantly lower percentage (25 percent, CI: 23-28) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of less than \$15,000 (46 percent, CI: 42-50).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$25,000 to \$49,999 had a significantly lower percentage (25 percent, CI: 23-28) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$15,000 to \$24,999 (33 percent, CI: 30-36).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$50,000 to \$74,999 had a significantly lower percentage (18 percent, CI: 16-21) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household income of less than \$15,000 (46 percent, CI: 42-50).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$50,000 to \$74,999 had a significantly lower percentage (18 percent, CI: 16-21) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$15,000 to \$24,999 (33 percent, CI: 30-36).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$50,000 to \$74,999 had a significantly lower percentage (18 percent, CI: 16-21) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$25,000 to \$49,999 (25 percent, CI: 23-28).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$75,000 or more had a significantly lower percentage (16 percent, CI: 14-18) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of less than \$15,000 (46 percent, CI: 42-50).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$75,000 or more had a significantly lower percentage (16 percent, CI: 14-18) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$15,000 to \$24,999 (33 percent, CI: 30-36).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$75,000 or more had a significantly lower percentage (16 percent, CI: 14-18) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$25,000 to \$49,999 (25 percent, CI: 23-28).

Disability

Do you have health problems requiring the use of special equipment?

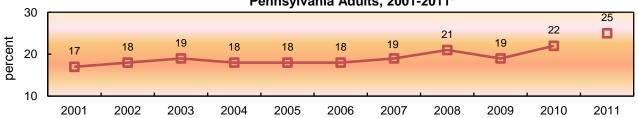
• Eight percent of Pennsylvania adults reported in 2011 that they have health problems requiring the use of special equipment.

The following bullets describe the percentages of respondents who indicated that they have health problems requiring the use of special equipment:

- ♦ Pennsylvania adults age 18-29 had a significantly lower percentage (1 percent, CI: 1-2) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 30-44 (5 percent, CI: 4-6).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults age 18-29 had a significantly lower percentage (1 percent, CI: 1-2) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 45-64 (8 percent, CI: 7-10).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults age 18-29 had a significantly lower percentage (1 percent, CI: 1-2) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 65 and older (18 percent, CI: 17-20).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults age 30-44 had a significantly lower percentage (5 percent, CI: 4-6) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 45-64 (8 percent, CI: 7-10).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults age 30-44 had a significantly lower percentage (5 percent, CI: 4-6) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 65 and older (18 percent, CI: 17-20).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults age 45-64 had a significantly lower percentage (8 percent, CI: 7-10) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 65 and older (18 percent, CI: 17-20).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults with some college education had a significantly lower percentage (8 percent, CI: 6-9) compared to Pennsylvania adults with less than a high school education (13 percent, CI: 10-16).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults with a college degree had a significantly lower percentage (4 percent, CI: 4-5) compared to Pennsylvania adults with less than a high school education (13 percent, CI: 10-16).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults with a college degree had a significantly lower percentage (4 percent, CI: 4-5) compared to Pennsylvania adults with a high school education (9 percent, CI: 8-10).
- Pennsylvania adults with a college degree had a significantly lower percentage (4 percent, CI: 4-5) compared to Pennsylvania adults with some college education (8 percent, CI: 6-9).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$25,000 to \$49,999 had a significantly lower percentage (8 percent, CI: 7-10) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of less than \$15,000 (18 percent, CI: 15-21).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$25,000 to \$49,999 had a significantly lower percentage (8 percent, CI: 7-10) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$15,000 to \$24,999 (13 percent, CI: 11-15).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$50,000 to \$74,999 had a significantly lower percentage (4 percent, CI: 3-6) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of less than \$15,000 (18 percent, CI: 15-21).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$50,000 to \$74,999 had a significantly lower percentage (4 percent, CI: 3-6) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$15,000 to \$24,999 (13 percent, CI: 11-15).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$50,000 to \$74,999 had a significantly lower percentage (4 percent, CI: 3-6) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$25,000 to \$49,999 (8 percent, CI: 7-10).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$75,000 or more had a significantly lower percentage (3 percent, CI: 2-3) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of less than \$15,000 (18 percent, CI: 15-21).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$75,000 or more had a significantly lower percentage (3 percent, CI: 2-3) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$15,000 to \$24,999 (13 percent, CI: 11-15).
- ♦ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$75,000 or more had a significantly lower percentage (3 percent, CI: 2-3) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$25,000 to \$49,999 (8 percent, CI: 7-10).
- ♦ Pennsylvania white, non-Hispanic adults had a significantly lower percentage (8 percent, CI: 7-8) compared to Pennsylvania black, non-Hispanic adults (11 percent, CI: 9-14).

Disability

Figure 13A: Percent Limited Due to Health Problems, Pennsylvania Adults, 2001-2011*



^{*}A change in the survey methodology creates a discontinuity for 2011. Please refer to the technical notes for more information.

Table 13: Disability, Pennsylvania Adults, 2011 (with 95% confidence intervals)				
	Activities Limited in Any Way Due to Health Problems* % CI		Health Problem Requires the Use of Special Equipment* % CI	
All Adults	25	24-26	8	7-9
Gender:				
Male	22	21-24	7	6-8
Female	27	26-29	9	8-10
Age:				
18-29	14	11-17	1	1-2
30-44	20	18-23	5	4-6
45-64	29	27-31	8	7-10
65+	34	32-36	18	17-20
Education:				
<high school<="" td=""><td>31</td><td>27-36</td><td>13</td><td>10-16</td></high>	31	27-36	13	10-16
High School	25	24-27	9	8-10
Some College	27	24-29	8	6-9
College Degree	19	17-21	4	4-5
Household Income:				
<\$15,000	46	42-50	18	15-21
\$15,000 to \$24,999	33	30-36	13	11-15
\$25,000 to \$49,999	25	23-28	8	7-10
\$50,000 to \$74,999	18	16-21	4	3-6
\$75,000+	16	14-18	3	2-3
Race:				
White, non-Hispanic	25	23-26	8	7-8
Black, non-Hispanic	29	24-33	11	9-14
Hispanic	23	17-30	7	4-12
*Excludes missing, don't know, and refused				
Note: When comparing demographic estimates, confidence intervals that do not				
overlap indicate a significant difference.				

Figure 13B: Percent Limited Due to Health Problems, PA Health Districts vs. Pennsylvania, 2011

