

## Health Care Access

### Age 18-64: Do you have health care coverage?

- ◆ Sixteen percent of Pennsylvania adults ages 18-64 responded “no” in 2011.

The following bullets describe the percentages of respondents who indicated they had no health care coverage:

- ◆ Pennsylvania women age 18-64 had a significantly lower percentage (13 percent, CI: 12-15) compared to Pennsylvania men age 18-64 (18 percent, CI: 16-20).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 30-44 had a significantly lower percentage (16 percent, CI: 14-18) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-29 (22 percent, CI: 19-25).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 45-64 had a significantly lower percentage (12 percent, CI: 10-13) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-29 (22 percent, CI: 19-25).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 45-64 had a significantly lower percentage (12 percent, CI: 10-13) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 30-44 (16 percent, CI: 14-18).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with a high school education had a significantly lower percentage (20 percent, CI: 18-22) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with less than a high school education (32 percent, CI: 27-38).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with some college education had a significantly lower percentage (13 percent, CI: 11-15) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with less than a high school education (32 percent, CI: 27-38).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with some college education had a significantly lower percentage (13 percent, CI: 11-15) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with a high school education (20 percent, CI: 18-22).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with a college degree had a significantly lower percentage (6 percent, CI: 5-7) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 less than a high school education (32 percent, CI: 27-38).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with a college degree had a significantly lower percentage (6 percent, CI: 5-7) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with a high school education (20 percent, CI: 18-22).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with a college degree had a significantly lower percentage (6 percent, CI: 5-7) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with some college education (13 percent, CI: 11-15).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with household incomes of \$25,000 to \$49,999 had a significantly lower percentage (18 percent, CI: 16-21) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with household incomes of less than \$15,000 (27 percent, CI: 22-31).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with household incomes of \$25,000 to \$49,999 had a significantly lower percentage (18 percent, CI: 16-21) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with household incomes of \$15,000 to \$24,999 (34 percent, CI: 30-38).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with household incomes of \$50,000 to \$74,999 had a significantly lower percentage (6 percent, CI: 4-8) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with household incomes of less than \$15,000 (27 percent, CI: 22-31).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with household incomes of \$50,000 to \$74,999 had a significantly lower percentage (6 percent, CI: 4-8) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with household incomes of \$15,000 to \$24,999 (34 percent, CI: 30-38).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with household incomes of \$50,000 to \$74,999 had a significantly lower percentage (6 percent, CI: 4-8) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with household incomes of \$25,000 to \$49,999 (18 percent, CI: 16-21).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with household incomes of \$75,000 or more had a significantly lower percentage (4 percent, CI: 3-5) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with household incomes of less than \$15,000 (27 percent, CI: 22-31).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with household incomes of \$75,000 or more had a significantly lower percentage (4 percent, CI: 3-5) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with household incomes of \$15,000 to \$24,999 (34 percent, CI: 30-38).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with household incomes of \$75,000 or more had a significantly lower percentage (4 percent, CI: 3-5) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with household incomes of \$25,000 to \$49,999 (18 percent, CI: 16-21).
- ◆ Pennsylvania white, non-Hispanic adults had a significantly lower percentage (13 percent, CI: 12-15) compared to Pennsylvania black, non-Hispanic adults (22 percent, CI: 18-27).
- ◆ Pennsylvania white, non-Hispanic adults had a significantly lower percentage (13 percent, CI: 12-15) compared to Pennsylvania Hispanic adults (28 percent, CI: 21-36).

## Health Care Access

### **Those without someone they consider a personal doctor or health care provider:**

- ◆ Thirteen percent of Pennsylvania adults reported in 2011 that they do not have someone that they consider to be a personal doctor or health care provider.
- ◆ Pennsylvania women had a significantly lower percentage (9 percent, CI: 8-10) compared to Pennsylvania men (17 percent, CI: 16-19).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 30-44 had a significantly lower percentage (17 percent, CI: 15-19) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-29 (26 percent, CI: 23-29).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 45-64 had a significantly lower percentage (8 percent, CI: 7-9) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-29 (26 percent, CI: 23-29).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 45-64 had a significantly lower percentage (8 percent, CI: 7-9) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 30-44 (17 percent, CI: 15-19).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 65 and older had a significantly lower percentage (3 percent, CI: 3-4) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-29 (26 percent, CI: 23-29).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 65 and older had a significantly lower percentage (3 percent, CI: 3-4) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 30-44 (17 percent, CI: 15-19).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 65 and older had a significantly lower percentage (3 percent, CI: 3-4) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 45-64 (8 percent, CI: 7-9).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults with some college education had a significantly lower percentage (11 percent, CI: 9-12) compared to Pennsylvania adults with less than a high school education (17 percent, CI: 14-21).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults with some college education had a significantly lower percentage (11 percent, CI: 9-12) compared to Pennsylvania adults with a high school education (14 percent, CI: 13-16).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults with a college degree had a significantly lower percentage (10 percent, CI: 9-12) compared to Pennsylvania adults less than a high school education (17 percent, CI: 14-21).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults with a college degree had a significantly lower percentage (10 percent, CI: 9-12) compared to Pennsylvania adults with a high school education (14 percent, CI: 13-16).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$50,000 to \$74,999 had a significantly lower percentage (9 percent, CI: 7-11) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of less than \$15,000 (16 percent, CI: 13-20).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$50,000 to \$74,999 had a significantly lower percentage (9 percent, CI: 7-11) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$15,000 to \$24,999 (18 percent, CI: 15-20).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$50,000 to \$74,999 had a significantly lower percentage (9 percent, CI: 7-11) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$25,000 to \$49,999 (14 percent, CI: 12-16).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$75,000 or more had a significantly lower percentage (9 percent, CI: 7-11) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of less than \$15,000 (16 percent, CI: 13-20).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$75,000 or more had a significantly lower percentage (9 percent, CI: 7-11) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$15,000 to \$24,999 (18 percent, CI: 15-20).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$75,000 or more had a significantly lower percentage (9 percent, CI: 7-11) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$25,000 to \$49,999 (14 percent, CI: 12-16).
- ◆ Pennsylvania white, non-Hispanic adults had a significantly lower percentage (11 percent, CI: 10-12) compared to Pennsylvania black, non-Hispanic adults (19 percent, CI: 16-24).
- ◆ Pennsylvania white, non-Hispanic adults had a significantly lower percentage (11 percent, CI: 10-12) compared to Pennsylvania Hispanic adults (23 percent, CI: 17-29).

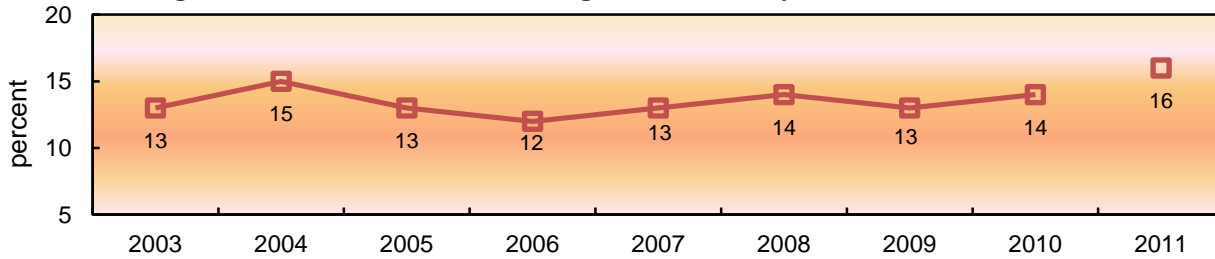
## Health Care Access

### Those who needed to see a doctor in past year but could not because of cost:

- ◆ Thirteen percent of Pennsylvania adults indicated in 2011 that they needed to see a doctor in the past year but could not because of cost.
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 45-64 had a significantly lower percentage (12 percent, CI: 11-14) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-29 (18 percent, CI: 15-21).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 45-64 had a significantly lower percentage (12 percent, CI: 11-14) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 30-44 (17 percent, CI: 15-19).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 65 and older had a significantly lower percentage (4 percent, CI: 3-6) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-29 (18 percent, CI: 15-21).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 65 and older had a significantly lower percentage (4 percent, CI: 3-6) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 30-44 (17 percent, CI: 15-19).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults age 65 and older had a significantly lower percentage (4 percent, CI: 3-6) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 45-64 (12 percent, CI: 11-14).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults with a high school education had a significantly lower percentage (14 percent, CI: 12-15) compared to Pennsylvania adults with less than a high school education (19 percent, CI: 16-23).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults with a college degree had a significantly lower percentage (7 percent, CI: 6-9) compared to Pennsylvania adults less than a high school education (19 percent, CI: 16-23).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults with a college degree had a significantly lower percentage (7 percent, CI: 6-9) compared to Pennsylvania adults with a high school education (14 percent, CI: 12-15).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults with a college degree had a significantly lower percentage (7 percent, CI: 6-9) compared to Pennsylvania adults with some college education (14 percent, CI: 12-16).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$25,000 to \$49,999 had a significantly lower percentage (13 percent, CI: 12-15) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of less than \$15,000 (26 percent, CI: 23-30).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$25,000 to \$49,999 had a significantly lower percentage (13 percent, CI: 12-15) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$15,000 to \$24,999 (25 percent, CI: 22-28).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$50,000 to \$74,999 had a significantly lower percentage (7 percent, CI: 5-9) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of less than \$15,000 (26 percent, CI: 23-30).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$50,000 to \$74,999 had a significantly lower percentage (7 percent, CI: 5-9) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$15,000 to \$24,999 (25 percent, CI: 22-28).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$50,000 to \$74,999 had a significantly lower percentage (7 percent, CI: 5-9) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$25,000 to \$49,999 (13 percent, CI: 12-15).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$75,000 or more had a significantly lower percentage (3 percent, CI: 2-5) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of less than \$15,000 (26 percent, CI: 23-30).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$75,000 or more had a significantly lower percentage (3 percent, CI: 2-5) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$15,000 to \$24,999 (25 percent, CI: 22-28).
- ◆ Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$75,000 or more had a significantly lower percentage (3 percent, CI: 2-5) compared to Pennsylvania adults with household incomes of \$25,000 to \$49,999 (13 percent, CI: 12-15).
- ◆ Pennsylvania white, non-Hispanic adults had a significantly lower percentage (11 percent, CI: 10-12) compared to Pennsylvania black, non-Hispanic adults (20 percent, CI: 17-25).
- ◆ Pennsylvania white, non-Hispanic adults had a significantly lower percentage (11 percent, CI: 10-12) compared to Pennsylvania Hispanic adults (24 percent, CI: 18-31).

# Health Care Access

**Figure 2A: No Health Insurance, Age 18-64, Pennsylvania Adults, 2003-2011\***



\*A change in the survey methodology creates a discontinuity for 2011. Please refer to the technical notes for more information.

**Table 2: Health Care Access, Pennsylvania Adults, 2011 (with 95% confidence intervals)**

	No Health Insurance Age 18-64*		Does Not Have a Personal Health Care Provider*		Couldn't Receive Care in Past Year Due to Cost*	
	%	CI	%	CI	%	CI
All Adults	16	14-17	13	12-14	13	12-14
<b>Gender:</b>						
Male	18	16-20	17	16-19	12	11-13
Female	13	12-15	9	8-10	14	13-15
<b>Age:</b>						
18-29	22	19-25	26	23-29	18	15-21
30-44	16	14-18	17	15-19	17	15-19
45-64	12	10-13	8	7-9	12	11-14
65+	NSR	NSR	3	3-4	4	3-6
<b>Education:</b>						
<High School	32	27-38	17	14-21	19	16-23
High School	20	18-22	14	13-16	14	12-15
Some College	13	11-15	11	9-12	14	12-16
College Degree	6	5-7	10	9-12	7	6-9
<b>Household Income:</b>						
<\$15,000	27	22-31	16	13-20	26	23-30
\$15,000 to \$24,999	34	30-38	18	15-20	25	22-28
\$25,000 to \$49,999	18	16-21	14	12-16	13	12-15
\$50,000 to \$74,999	6	4-8	9	7-11	7	5-9
\$75,000+	4	3-5	9	7-11	3	2-5
<b>Race:</b>						
White, non-Hispanic	13	12-15	11	10-12	11	10-12
Black, non-Hispanic	22	18-27	19	16-24	20	17-25
Hispanic	28	21-36	23	17-29	24	18-31

\*Excludes missing, don't know, and refused

Note: When comparing demographic estimates, confidence intervals that do not overlap indicate a significant difference.

Note: If "NSR" is displayed, then the total response is less than 50 and/or the percentage prevalence is considered "not statistically reliable."

**Figure 2B: No Health Insurance, Age 18-64, PA Health Districts vs. Pennsylvania, 2011**

