

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Pennsylvania Labor Relations Board

FRATERNAL ORDER OF POLICE, :
LODGE NO. 5 :
 :
v. : Case No. PF-C-09-65-E
 :
CITY OF PHILADELPHIA :

PROPOSED DECISION AND ORDER

A charge of unfair labor practices was filed with the Pennsylvania Labor Relations Board (Board) by the Fraternal Order of Police, Lodge No. 5 (Union) on May 7, 2009, alleging that the City of Philadelphia (City) violated Section 6(1)(a) and (e) of the Pennsylvania Labor Relations Act (PLRA) as read with Act 111.

On May 20, 2009, the Secretary of the Board issued a complaint and notice of hearing wherein a hearing was set for JULY 10, 2009, in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, at which time both parties in interest were afforded a full opportunity to present testimony, cross-examine witnesses and introduce documentary evidence. In lieu of viva voce evidence, the parties entered into a series of factual stipulations. Neither party filed a post-hearing brief.

The Examiner, on the basis of the stipulations and exhibits presented at the hearing and from all other matters and documents of record makes the following:

FINDINGS OF FACT

1. The parties stipulated and agreed the Union is a labor organization. (N.T. 3-4).
2. The parties stipulated and agreed the City is a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. (N.T. 3-4).
3. The parties stipulated and agreed that Arbitrator Thomas G. McConnell, on March 30, 2009, issued an arbitration award pursuant to a grievance filed by the Union on behalf of Officer Michael Paige, a terminated employe. That arbitration award ordered the City to reduce Page's termination to a thirty-day suspension, offer immediate reinstatement, expunge his record and reimburse him for all emoluments of employment, but for the thirty-day suspension. Page's seniority was to be restored in its entirety. (N.T. 3-4).
4. As of July 10, 2009, the City had not complied with the arbitration award. (N.T. 3-4).

DISCUSSION

It has long been established that the failure to comply with the terms of a grievance arbitration award occurs only after exhaustion of appellate rights and the expiration of a reasonable or expressly provided time period for compliance. Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, 8 PPER ¶ 233 (Nisi Decision and Order, 1977). To determine whether a particular lapse of time is a reasonable period for compliance with an arbitration award, the Board will consider such factors as: 1) The nature and complexity of the compliance required under the award, 2) The length of time before compliance occurred, 3) The employer's ability to comply with the award including legitimate obstacles to compliance, 4) Steps taken by the employer toward compliance and 5) The employer's explanation or lack thereof for the delay. City of Philadelphia, 19 PPER ¶ 19069 at 185 (Final Order, 1988); Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (Department of Community Affairs), 19 PPER ¶ 19165 (Proposed Decision and Order, 1998); Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (Office of Administration), 17 PPER ¶ 17151 (Proposed Decision and Order, 1986).

The arbitration award here was issued on March 30, 2009, and the City still had not complied as of July 10, 2009. Such a delay is unreasonable, given the simplicity of the award. City of Philadelphia, 27 PPER ¶ 27093 (Proposed Decision and Order, 1996), 27 PPER ¶ 27202 (Final Order, 1996) (delay of five months in paying a simple arbitration award is an unfair labor practice)

The City has violated Section (6)(1) (a) and (e) of the PLRA as read with Act 111. By way of remedy, the City is ordered to pay Paige 6% *per annum* interest on the amount paid pursuant to the arbitration award, from the date of the award until it is actually paid, and to immediately comply with the award.

CONCLUSIONS

The Hearing Examiner, therefore, after due consideration of the foregoing and the record as a whole, concludes and finds:

1. The City is an employer within the meaning of Section 3(c) of the PLRA, as read with Act 111.
2. The Union is a labor organization within the meaning of Section 3(f) of the PLRA.
3. The Board has jurisdiction over the parties hereto.
4. The City has committed unfair labor practices within the meaning of Section 6(1) (a) and (e) of the PLRA as read with Act 111.

ORDER

In view of the foregoing and in order to effectuate the policies of the PLRA and Act 111, the Hearing Examiner

HEREBY ORDERS AND DIRECTS

that the City shall:

1. Cease and desist from interfering with, restraining or coercing employes in the exercise of the rights guaranteed in the PLRA and Act 111.
2. Cease and desist from refusing to collectively bargain with the representatives of its employes.
3. Take the following affirmative action:
 - (a) Immediately offer Paige reinstatement and immediately tender to Page the amount due under the arbitration award, plus 6% *per annum* interest on moneys paid pursuant to the arbitration award, calculated from March 30, 2009, until the date actually paid;
 - (b) Post a copy of this decision and order within five (5) days from the effective date hereof in a conspicuous place readily accessible to its employes, and have the same remain so posted for a period of ten (10) consecutive days; and
 - (c) Furnish to the Board within twenty (20) days of the date hereof, satisfactory evidence of compliance with this decision and order by completion and filing of the attached affidavit of compliance.

IT IS HEREBY FURTHER ORDERED AND DIRECTED

that in the absence of any exceptions filed with the Board pursuant to 34 Pa. Code § 95.98(a) within twenty days of the date hereof, this order shall be final.

SIGNED, DATED AND MAILED at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, this eighth day of July, 2010.

PENNSYLVANIA LABOR RELATIONS BOARD

Timothy Tietze, Hearing Examiner

